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The pattern is familiar. A statesman is killed and immediately the man who murdered him is liquidated by other agents of the killers. This makes it very convenient for the authorities to close the files on political assassinations.

THE FBI, and particularly its boss, J. EDGAR HOOVER, had every reason, like the CIA, to liquidate President Kennedy. To this all-American outfit Kennedy was the most un-American of American Presidents.

Immediately after taking the oath of office, President Kennedy was advised by several friends, according to no less an authority than Arthur M. Schlesinger Jr., a special Kennedy aide and the author of the voluminous memoir "A THOUSAND DAYS", to fire both Allen W. Dulles, Chief of the CIA, and J. Edgar Hoover, Chief of the FBI.

But both Hoover and Dulles were national sacred cows in 1960, and sacking them would have cost Kennedy a considerable degree of political popularity. Therefore, President Kennedy made a virtue out of necessity and reappointed them and thus took full credit with their admirers for something he had no real choice to do anyway.

Cloak & dagger

But the fiasco of the CIA-staged Cuba invasion in the Bay of Pigs was too much even for Kennedy who had been totally misguided by Allen Dulles and the CIA. Kennedy did not hesitate to force Dulles's resignation.

After CIA-Chief Allen Dulles was forced to resign, his friend, FBI-Chief J. Edgar Hoover, held a grudge against both President Kennedy and his brother and Attorney-General, Robert Kennedy. It needs to be told here that the FBI is the domestic arm while the CIA is the external arm of the cloak-and-dagger complex of the American administration.

Further, Hoover had one more reason to plan the liquidation of President Kennedy. According to Arthur Schlesinger, though President Kennedy preserved friendly relations with Hoover, he "wholeheartedly supported his brother's (Attorney-General Robert Kennedy's) view that the Bureau be restored to the Department of Justice."

"For the first time in a generation, communications from the Bureau to the White House went through the office of the Attorney-General," reports Schlesinger, adding, "Robert Kennedy directed the FBI to join the Department by moving not only into the drive against organized crime but also, considerably more alien to the Bureau's folkways, into the enforcement of civil rights laws."

since the establishment of the FBI. It is significant to note that after President Kennedy's liquidation, President Johnson lost no time in restoring the FBI to its pristine glory and independence.

WHEN ROBERT KENNEDY ANNOUNCED HIS INTENTION TO RUN FOR THE WHITE HOUSE, HOOVER FEARING AN EXPOSURE OF THE SINISTER FACTS SURROUNDING JOHN KENNEDY'S MURDER, SWUNG HIS REACTIONARY ORGANISATION INTO ACTION AND SAW TO IT THAT ROBERT KENNEDY, TOO, WAS LIQUIDATED.

Who's Tippit?

Having decided to make Oswald the fall guy in the assassination of the century, the Tippit case was pushed into the background, and it was closed as soon as Chicago gangster Ruby killed Oswald in the basement of the Dallas police headquarters.

While volumes have been written on the careers, characters and relations of the main protagonists in the Kennedy murder, very little is known of patrolman Tippit.

WHO WAS J. D. TIPPIT? All that is known of him was that he was 38, married and father of three children. As soon as he had been killed, his widow was buried under donations, which totalled over \$200,000 or about Rs. 10 lakhs.

It is very strange that there was no attempt made to paint Tippit as a hero which is normally done in America when a policeman dies in the line of duty. On the contrary, every effort was made to erase his life and death from public memory.

ALL EVIDENCE POINTS TO THE FACT THAT IT WAS TIPPIT WHO MURDERED THE PRESIDENT AND WAS LATER LIQUIDATED BY AGENTS OF THE CIA-FBI- PERHAPS BY JACK RUBY HIMSELF.

Tippit-Ruby

The connection between Tippit and Jack Ruby has been established. The patrolman was the bosom pal of Jack Rubinstein, alias Ruby. Ruby moved into Dallas a few years earlier when Chicago became too hot for him.

The Tippit-Ruby linkup was not really a secret in Dallas during those days, but its consequences were pushed into the background by the mass hysteria created against Oswald.

No sooner was the news of the murder of Tippit flashed than the police rushed to create the impression that the man who killed Kennedy, while fleeing from the scene of the assassination, was about to be apprehended by Tippit when he was killed. How this was supposed to have happened, police as follows:

of the 200 Block of the Tenth Street when he saw his son (the alleged murderer) walking west. He stopped and without getting out of the car began to question the man through the rolled up window on the passenger side.

"The officer then stepped out of the car, walked around to the front to talk to the suspect and had just reached the front of the car when he was shot four times."

The Dallas police claimed that they had several eye-witnesses to the Tippit murder. They briefed the press thus:

"Witnesses told police that Tippit and the man faced each other briefly. The man pulled a gun and fired, then tucked the gun in his belt under a loosely fitting shirt and ran."

Were there eye-witnesses? Were they brought to identify Oswald as the man who shot Tippit? The answer to this mystery is: (1) The witnesses were brought, but they failed to identify Oswald as the killer or (2) There were no such witnesses.

Strangely enough, it later turned out that the side windows of Tippit's patrol car were closed when he was found dead; there were witnesses and photographs to testify to this effect.

Rigmarole

The police came out with another strange rigmarole. On November 23 night, they claimed that they had taken from Mrs. Oswald some family photographs. This new "evidence" was played up like this:

"Strapped to his waist in the photographs, the police said was the pistol used in the fatal shooting of patrolman J. D. Tippit shortly after the assassination of President Kennedy."

The Dallas District Attorney, Henry Wade, who briefed the press did not say a word whether the pistol was in the possession of the police or not and whether ballistic tests were made on bullets fired from the weapon and whether they had been compared with bullets that killed Tippit.

Discrepancy

There was another discrepancy even in the reports on the number of bullets which were lodged in Tippit's body. Wade reported:

"He walked to the car. Officer Tippit stepped out of the car and started around it. He shot him THREE TIMES and killed him."

Earlier the Dallas police had said: "The officer then stepped out of the car, walked around in front to talk to the suspect and had just reached the front of the car when he was shot FOUR TIMES. One shot struck him in the right temple, two shots struck him in the abdomen and one in the leg."

There are three points which conclusively go to show that Oswald was framed with the murder of Tippit who was liquidated for quite another reason by quite another agency:

- 1: THERE was no identification of Oswald as the man who shot Tippit although the murder took place in a busy street.
- 2: THE MURDER weapon was never produced and no ballistic test report on it was ever submitted.
- 3: OSWALD was not found in the area where Tippit was killed.

Five points

On the other hand, several factors point to the possibility that Tippit was the assassin who killed Kennedy.

FIRST, contrary to usual practice, Tippit was alone in the patrol car when he should have been in it with at least one fellow officer.

SECOND, why did Tippit not respond to the order of the Dallas Police Chief Curry to proceed immediately to the Dallas Book Depository as soon as Kennedy was shot?

THIRD, what was Tippit doing several miles away from the scene and 45 minutes after the national disaster?

FOURTH, according to the police, they had no news about the whereabouts of Tippit till an unknown voice came over the radio of one of their patrol cars which simply said "one of your officers has been shot. I think he might be dead." Did not Tippit keep in constant radio contact with headquarters?

AND FINALLY, where was Tippit at 12-30 p.m. when President Kennedy was shot?

No answers

There have been no answers to these crucial questions.

Consider now the photograph taken of President Kennedy's car and the doorway of the Book Depository at the very moment the President was shot, which was published by La Prensa of Buenos Aires, and BLITZ among other papers.

The photograph shows the President slumping forward as the shot hit him and Governor Connally in the seat in front of him turning around to see what was the matter.

Secret service agents have also turned around to look the doorway of the depository and in the doorway is standing a man who could very well have been Lee Harvey Oswald.

AND IF OSWALD IS THE MAN IN THE DOORWAY ON THE GROUND FLOOR, HE IS THE MAN ON THE SIXTH FLOOR WHO SHOT PRESIDENT KENNEDY.

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